

A Look into Hospital Life: Why We Love Medical Dramas

['mɛdɪkəl] (adj.) 醫療的

熬夜也要追！

「醫療劇」讓人欲罷不能的祕密

26

本日課程選單



《機智醫生生活》
Hospital Playlist



讀之前
想想看

Which TV shows about hospitals have you watched?

Medical **dramas**¹ like *Hospital Playlist* and *Doctor Cha* have always drawn people in. Have you ever wondered why? They **open a window into** hospitals. People are **curious**², yet afraid about what happens there. These shows answer people's questions about what doctors and nurses do every day. This includes **patient**³ care and surgeries that most people may never see or experience.

These shows often talk about deep topics like life and death. They **bring out** sadness and happiness and often touch people's hearts. The **audience**⁴ feels like they're riding a roller coaster as the story goes on.

That's why people love medical dramas. Get your snacks ready and enjoy these **touching** shows! **A+**

講述 5 位醫學院死黨在醫院重聚，各自在醫療現場面臨各種困難和挑戰。劇中對於病患故事的描述和醫病關係的探討相當深刻，展現出醫護人員的專業以及面對生死議題時的溫暖與韌性。



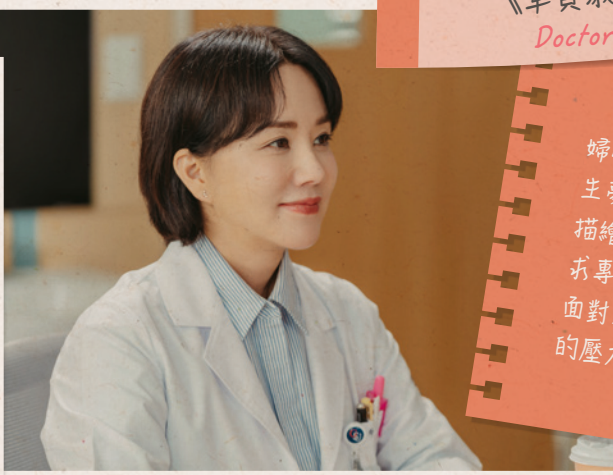
Word Power

◇ 為1200字 ◇ 為2000字 ◇ 為進階單字

- drama** ['dræmə] *n.* 戲劇
Betsey likes to watch crime **dramas** in her free time.
Betsey 有空的時候喜歡看犯罪類型的電視劇。
- curious** ['kjʊəriəs] *adj.* 好奇的
Bella is a **curious** child. She loves to look at the world around her.
Bella 是一位充滿好奇心的孩子，她喜歡觀察周遭的世界。
- patient** ['peɪʃənt] *n.* 病人；病患
The **patient** was very sick, but she's better now and can go home soon.
這名病患之前病得很嚴重，但她現在好多了，很快就能回家。
- audience** ['ɔ:diəns] *n.* 觀眾
The **audience** of this talk show laughs at Robert's funny stories.
這場脫口秀的觀眾聽著 Robert 滑稽的故事大笑。

認識字彙 (文章中畫底線字詞)

- wonder ['wʌndə] *v.* 想知道；疑惑
- surgery ['sɜ:dʒəri] *n.* 手術
- roller coaster ['rɒlə] ['kɒstə] *n.* 雲霄飛車



《車貞淑醫生》 Doctor Cha

講述一位平凡主婦時隔 20 年重拾醫生夢、返回醫療界，描繪了醫療人員在追求專業的同時，如何面對來自家庭和社會的壓力與挑戰。

★ Magic Box ★

★ (open) a window into... (phr.)
(提供) 了解...的機會

Talking with locals **opens a window into** their culture.

與當地人交談讓我們能夠了解他們的文化。

★ bring out (phr.) 使展現；激發

* bring 的動詞三態為 bring-brought-brought。

Interesting games can **bring out** students' joy for learning.

有趣的遊戲能激發學生學習的樂趣。

★ 現在分詞與過去分詞當作情緒形容詞

* 分詞由動詞演變而來，可分為現在分詞 (V-ing) 與過去分詞 (p.p.)，兩者都可以當形容詞使用。

情緒動詞	V-ing 表示某人事物 「令人覺得...」	p.p. 表示某人事物 「本身感到...」
touch 使...感動	touching	touched
interest 使...感興趣	interesting	interested
bore 使...感到無聊	boring	bored
tire 使...感到疲倦	tiring	tired
surprise 使...感到驚訝	surprising	surprised
excite 使...感到興奮	exciting	excited

• I don't want to keep reading this **boring** book.
我不想再繼續讀這本無聊的書了。

• I felt **bored** during the movie because it was too slow and quiet.
我在看電影時感到無聊，因為它太慢又太安靜了。